

$$\int \frac{x}{x^2 - 4x + 8} dx$$

$$\int \frac{x}{x^2 - 4x + 8} dx = [x^2 - 4x + 8 = (x^2 - 4x + 4) + 4 = (x - 2)^2 + 4]$$

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$$= \int \frac{x}{(x - 2)^2 + 4} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}\int \frac{x}{x^2 - 4x + 8} dx &= [x^2 - 4x + 8 = (x^2 - 4x + 4) + 4 = (x - 2)^2 + 4] \\ &= \int \frac{x}{(x - 2)^2 + 4} dx \\ &= \left[\begin{array}{l} x - 2 = u \\ d(x - 2) = du \\ dx = du \end{array} \right]\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\int \frac{x}{x^2 - 4x + 8} dx &= [x^2 - 4x + 8 = (x^2 - 4x + 4) + 4 = (x - 2)^2 + 4] \\ &= \int \frac{x}{(x - 2)^2 + 4} dx \\ &= \left[\begin{array}{l} x - 2 = u \\ d(x - 2) = du \\ dx = du \end{array} \right] \\ &= \int \frac{u + 2}{u^2 + 4} du\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\int \frac{x}{x^2 - 4x + 8} dx &= [x^2 - 4x + 8 = (x^2 - 4x + 4) + 4 = (x - 2)^2 + 4] \\ &= \int \frac{x}{(x - 2)^2 + 4} dx \\ &= \left[\begin{array}{l} x - 2 = u \\ d(x - 2) = du \\ dx = du \end{array} \right] \\ &= \int \frac{u + 2}{u^2 + 4} du \\ &= \int \frac{u}{u^2 + 4} du + 2 \int \frac{du}{u^2 + 4}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\int \frac{x}{x^2 - 4x + 8} dx &= [x^2 - 4x + 8 = (x^2 - 4x + 4) + 4 = (x - 2)^2 + 4] \\ &= \int \frac{x}{(x - 2)^2 + 4} dx \\ &= \left[\begin{array}{l} x - 2 = u \\ d(x - 2) = du \\ dx = du \end{array} \right] \\ &= \int \frac{u + 2}{u^2 + 4} du \\ &= \int \frac{u}{u^2 + 4} du + 2 \int \frac{du}{u^2 + 4} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2u}{u^2 + 4} du + 2 \int \frac{du}{u^2 + 4}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\int \frac{x}{x^2 - 4x + 8} dx &= [x^2 - 4x + 8 = (x^2 - 4x + 4) + 4 = (x - 2)^2 + 4] \\ &= \int \frac{x}{(x - 2)^2 + 4} dx \\ &= \left[\begin{array}{l} x - 2 = u \\ d(x - 2) = du \\ dx = du \end{array} \right] \\ &= \int \frac{u + 2}{u^2 + 4} du \\ &= \int \frac{u}{u^2 + 4} du + 2 \int \frac{du}{u^2 + 4} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2u}{u^2 + 4} du + 2 \int \frac{du}{u^2 + 4} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \ln(u^2 + 4) + 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \tan^{-1} \frac{u}{2} + C\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\int \frac{x}{x^2 - 4x + 8} dx &= [x^2 - 4x + 8 = (x^2 - 4x + 4) + 4 = (x - 2)^2 + 4] \\ &= \int \frac{x}{(x - 2)^2 + 4} dx \\ &= \left[\begin{array}{l} x - 2 = u \\ d(x - 2) = du \\ dx = du \end{array} \right] \\ &= \int \frac{u + 2}{u^2 + 4} du \\ &= \int \frac{u}{u^2 + 4} du + 2 \int \frac{du}{u^2 + 4} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2u}{u^2 + 4} du + 2 \int \frac{du}{u^2 + 4} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \ln(u^2 + 4) + 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \tan^{-1} \frac{u}{2} + C \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \ln((x - 2)^2 + 4) + \tan^{-1} \frac{x - 2}{2} + C\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{5-4x-2x^2}} &= [5-4x-2x^2 = 5-2(x^2+2x) = 5-2(x^2+2x+1)+2 = 7-2(x+1)^2] \\
&= \int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{7-2(x+1)^2}} dx \\
&= \left[\begin{array}{l} x+1 = u \\ d(x+1) = du \\ dx = du \end{array} \right] \\
&= \int \frac{du}{\sqrt{7-2u^2}} \\
&= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \int \frac{du}{\sqrt{(7/2)-u^2}} \\
&= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{u}{\sqrt{7/2}} \right) + C \\
&= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{x+1}{\sqrt{7/2}} \right) + C
\end{aligned}$$