

Section 1.4

$$12. \quad 3t \frac{dy}{dt} = y \cos t, \quad y(1) = 0.$$

Observe that $y(1) = 0$, and to separate the variables t, y , we need to divide by t and y .

Case 1. $y(t) = 0$ for all t .

Case 2. There exists some $t \neq 0$ such that $y(t) \neq 0$.
For those t , we divide the equation by t and y .

$$3 \frac{1}{y} \frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{\cos t}{t}$$

$$\frac{1}{y} dy = \frac{1}{3} \frac{\cos t}{t} dt$$

$$\ln|y| = \int \frac{\cos t}{3t} dt$$

$$y(t) = C e^{F(t)}$$

where $F(t)$ is an anti-derivative of $\frac{\cos t}{3t}$.

Plug in $y(1) = 0$:

$$0 = C e^{F(1)}$$

Since $e^{F(1)} > 0$, $C = 0$.

$$\Rightarrow y(t) = 0 \quad \text{for all } t \quad (t \neq 0)$$

which contradicts our assumption for Case 2.

Therefore, 'Case 2' doesn't hold, only 'Case 1' holds,

$$y(t) = 0 \quad \text{for all } t.$$

□