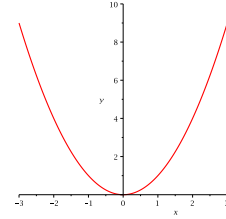


Domain (and Range)

EXAMPLES:

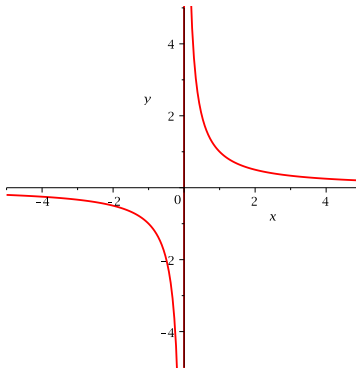
1. $f(x) = x^2$

Domain: All real numbers or $(-\infty, \infty)$. Range: $[0, \infty)$.



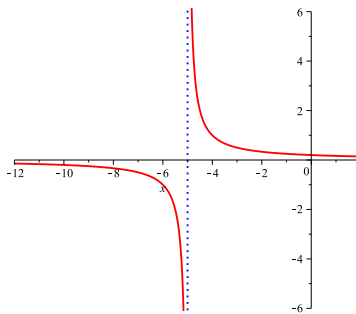
2. $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$

Domain: $(-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$, since $x \neq 0$. Range: $(-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$.



3. $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+5}$

Domain: $(-\infty, -5) \cup (-5, \infty)$, since $x+5 \neq 0$.



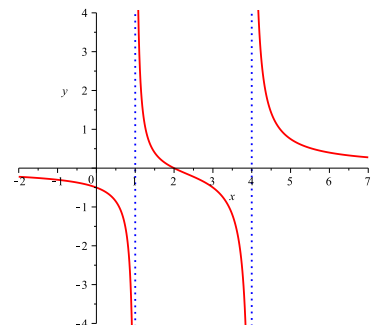
4. $f(x) = \frac{x-2}{x^2-5x+4}$

Domain: All real numbers except 1 and 4:

$$(-\infty, 1) \cup (1, 4) \cup (4, \infty)$$

since

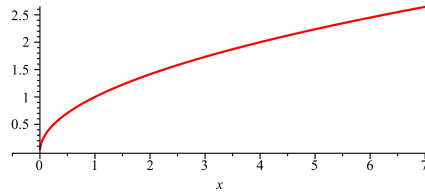
$$x^2 - 5x + 4 = (x - 1)(x - 4) \neq 0$$



5. $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$

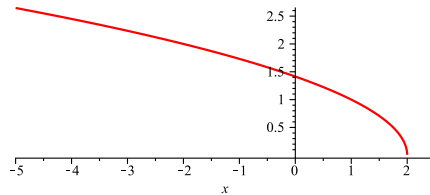
Domain: $[0, \infty)$.

Range: $[0, \infty)$.



6. $f(x) = \sqrt{2-x}$

Domain: $(-\infty, 2]$, since $2-x \geq 0$



7. $f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 2}$

Domain: All real numbers, or $(-\infty, \infty)$, since $x^2 + 2$ is always > 0 .

